City street trees play a vital role in Greater Cypress Park communities. These trees mitigate the negative effects of urbanization and development, and enhance the quality of life within the community. Considering Greater Cypress Park’s 1,634 trees, 78 stumps, and 447 vacant sites, the stocking rate is 74.9%. The most abundant type of tree in the inventory is broadleaf (62.5%) which provide the most shade.

**QUICK FACTS**

- **$215,379** Annual Total Benefits
- **$165,354** Property Value
- **111,915 lbs** Carbon Dioxide Sequestered Annually
- **908,190 gallons** Stormwater Runoff Avoided Annually
- **688 lbs** Air Pollutants Removed Annually
- **67,137 lbs** Carbon Dioxide Avoided Annually
- **86,141 KWH Saved Annually**
- **700 Therms of Energy Saved Annually**
- **1 Number of Trees > 50” Diameter**
- **447 Number of Vacant Sites**
- **1 Number of Vacant Sites >10’ Wide**
- **78 Number of Stumps**

**DIAMETER BREAKDOWN OF GREATER CYPRESS PARK STREET TREES**

- 28.2% 6”–10”
- 26.4% 1”–5”
- 17.4% 15”–25”
- 16.2% 11”–15”
- 10.6% 26”–35”
- 1.2% 36”+
- 0% 0”–6”

**TOP 5 MOST COMMON SPECIES**

1. **Indian Laurel Fig (Ficus microcarpa)**
2. **Benjamin Fig (Ficus benjamina)**
3. **Crape Myrtle (Lagerstroemia indica)**
4. **Camphor Tree (Cinnamomum camphora)**
5. **African Fern Pine (Afrocarpus falcatus)**

The top 5 most common species listed are representative of the current urban forest. Due to climate change and water availability these species may or may not be recommended for future plantings.

**Inventory Details**

Data was collected November 2021 through October 2022 and analyzed using i-Tree Streets. Publication date: October 31, 2022

[streetsla.lacity.org](http://streetsla.lacity.org)

Making LA’s Street Network Safe, Mobile, and Sustainable Through Innovation, Integration and Inclusion
GREATER CYPRESS PARK’S UNIQUE AND DISTINCT TREES

Noteworthy trees may represent iconic species, display a unique growth form, or stand out for their size at maturity. These trees provide significant benefits to the neighborhood council district and are listed below.

**African Fern Pine (Afrocarpus falcatus)**
Abundant Species
African fern pine has a rounded shape and can reach a height of 65 ft. This unique species is one of few conifers originating from Africa. It produces fleshy, green to yellow colored cones that resemble stone fruits.

**Camphor Tree (Cinnamomum camphora)**
Abundant Species
Camphor tree is known for its evergreen foliage and fragrant flowers and leaves. Mature camphor trees can have a spread of 60 ft and have a rounded to umbrella shaped canopy. These common street trees attract birds.

**Crape Myrtle (Lagerstroemia indica)**
Abundant Species
Crape myrtle is typically multi-trunked with a spreading or vase shaped canopy. This species is utility friendly, reaching a height of 25 ft. It has beautiful flowers that can be almost any shade of red, purple, pink, or white.

**Benjamin Fig (Ficus benjamina)**
Abundant Species
Benjamin fig is an evergreen tree native to India and Malaysia. This species can provide visual and noise buffering in cityscapes due to its dense foliage. It has an oval shape, weeping branches, and a canopy spread up

Inventory Details
To explore the tree inventory, visit streetsla.lacity.org/tree-inventory

streetsla.lacity.org
Contact StreetsLA to learn more about Los Angeles’ urban forest, to submit a service request, or to get information on planting or caring for a street tree.