BY THE NUMBERS

City street trees play a vital role in Pacoima communities. These trees mitigate the negative effects of urbanization and development, and enhance the quality of life within the community. Considering Pacoima’s 14,878 trees, 768 stumps, and 3,877 vacant sites, the stocking rate is 76.1%. The most abundant type of tree in the inventory is broadleaf (59.5%) which provide the most shade.

14,878

Total Street Trees in Pacoima

QUICK FACTS

$1.4\text{m}$
Annual Total Benefits

$588,107\text{ lbs}$
Carbon Dioxide Sequestered Annually

$4.3\text{m gallons}$
Stormwater Runoff Avoided Annually

$491,464\text{ KWH}$
KWH Saved Annually

7
Number of Trees > 50” Diameter

3,877
Number of Vacant Sites

433
Vacant Street Sites >10’ Wide

768
Number of Stumps

$3,436\text{ lbs}$
Air Pollutants Removed Annually

$331,602\text{ lbs}$
Carbon Dioxide Avoided Annually

$3,987\text{ Thems}$
Therms of Energy Saved Annually

$588,107\text{ lbs}$
Carbon Dioxide Avoided Annually

$331,602\text{ lbs}$
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DIAMETER BREAKDOWN OF PACOIMA STREET TREES

TOP 5 MOST COMMON SPECIES

Mexican Fan Palm
Benjamin Fig
Crape Myrtle
Indian Laurel Fig
Queen Palm

Data was collected November 2020 through March 2021 and analyzed using i-Tree Streets. Publication date: March 9, 2021
PACOIMA’S UNIQUE AND DISTINCT TREES

Noteworthy trees may represent iconic species, display a unique growth form, or stand out for their size at maturity. These trees provide significant benefits to the neighborhood council district and are listed below.

Indian Laurel Fig (*Ficus microcarpa*)
Abundant Species

Indian laurel fig is a common street tree that reaches a spread of 40 ft. It has an oval or rounded shape, evergreen foliage, and smooth grey bark. The fruits attract birds.

Crape Myrtle (*Lagerstroemia indica*)
Abundant Species

Crape myrtle is typically multi-trunked with a spreading or vase shaped canopy. This species is utility friendly, reaching a height of 25 ft. It has beautiful flowers that can be almost any shade of red, purple, pink, or white.

White Mulberry (*Morus alba*)
Abundant Species

White mulberry produces edible fruits in the summer. The leaves range in shape, some of which are deeply lobed. This species has a high, spreading canopy and can reach a height and spread up to 50 ft.

Queen Palm (*Syagrus romanzoffiana*)
Abundant Species

Queen palm can reach a height of 50 ft and a spread of 30 ft. This species has evergreen foliage, smooth light grey to green bark, and showy white flowers. Queen palm is native to Brazil and Argentina.

Inventory Details
To explore the tree inventory, visit streetsla.lacity.org/tree-inventory

contacts@streetsla.lacity.org
Contact StreetsLA to learn more about Los Angeles’s urban forest, to submit a service request, or to get information on planting or caring for a street tree.